











Alexandria Railroad Bridge Replacement













Replace the Tracks 2 & 3 Bridge and Raise the Existing Track 1 Bridge

Presented by:

CSX Transportation, Jacksonville, FL

Virginia Dept. of Rail and Public Transpiration, Richmond, VA

City of Alexandria

Virginia Railway Express, Alexandria, VA

Amtrak, Washington, DC

HDR Engineering, Inc. Alexandria, VA

Skanska USA Civil Southeast Inc., Virginia Beach, VA











Presentation Overview

- Why: Project Purpose, Need, and Benefits
- Who: Project Team and Key Stakeholders
- What: Bridge Replacement
- Where: Project Location
- When: Timeline of Major Events
- How: Overview of Construction Methods











WHY: Project Purpose, Need and Benefits

- Final project required under 2002 Memorandum of Understanding between VDRPT, VRE and CSX to build third mainline track between Washington and Fredericksburg to facilitate additional passenger rail service.
- Additional capacity is needed on one of CSX's busiest corridors...30 VRE trains,
 18 Amtrak trains and up to 30 freight trains run in the corridor each weekday.
- Previously completed projects allowed two additional round-trip trains between Washington and Fredericksburg.
- Final project (AF to RW) includes seven miles of new mainline track between Franconia VRE station and Alexandria Union station, with single track bridge as the "link."
- 100-year old bridge has reached the end of its functional life...safe for one track but not two.
- When completed, AF-RW project will provide for new, state-sponsored Amtrak round-trip service between Washington and Richmond.











WHO: Project Team and Major Stakeholders

- Owner: CSX Transportation
- Funding Agency: DRPT
- Benefactors: Commuting Public
- Adjacent Property Owners:
 - Norfolk Southern, Kathmar Paving
 - City of Alexandria
- Users: Amtrak, VRE, CSXT
- Engineer: HDR Engineering
- Contractor: Skanska Civil Southeast USA











Project Information Available At:

City of Alexandria Website www.alexandriava.gov/railroadbridge

or

CSX Point of Contact
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Government Affairs
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WHAT: Bridge Replacement

Construct temporary falsework on which the bridge will be erected...build a bridge to build a bridge!

Replace the existing bridge within a very limited track outage.

Factors Controlling Bridge Design and Construction:

- Working between five active railroad tracks.
- Traffic (40+ trains per day) dictates outage.
- Span length / geometry dictate bridge type.
- Geology dictates foundations.
- Change out method: 'Pick and Roll'











WHERE: Nearest Street Address 4500 Wheeler Ave.













WHEN: Project Timeline

Five Basic Phases of Work and Approximate Duration

- Mobilization: Began on October 15, 2009, Duration: Up to one month. Includes: site clearing, crane delivery and assembly, material delivery.
- Pre Change-out: Scheduled last up to four months, and will likely have the greatest impact on neighboring communities. Work includes delivery and assembly of the proposed bridge span and substructure. Contractor will construct a temporary steel structure on which the bridge will be assembled prior to the planned roll-in. Beginning in mid-November, the contractor will be driving piles for a limited period of time.
- Span Change-out: Most significant component of work. Schedule to be performed over a *long* weekend. Contractor will remove the existing bridge and roll the new bridge into place. This phase of
 the work will involve interruption to passenger and freight rail service. Projects sponsors will coordinate
 with VRE and Amtrak to inform riders of the work.
- Post Change-out: Duration: up to two months, will involve ancillary work on the project site, including
 a slight raise of the adjacent single track bridge. In addition, the new mainline track will be aligned with
 the new bridge.
- Demobilization: Final phase of construction. Duration: Approximately two weeks. Includes removal of construction materials/equipment. Contractor will restore the site to its pre-construction condition to the satisfaction of the landowner.











WHEN: Significant Impacts

Minor Disturbance due to Pile Driving Activities

- Types of Piles: H-pile, Sheet Pile, and Pipe Pile.
 - H-Piles used as temporary shoring (earth support) for abutment construction
 - Sheet Piles used as temporary shoring for crane placement and pier excavation
 - Pipe Piles used for columns of temporary steel structure for bridge assembly
- Type of Pile Equipment: Vibratory vs. Impact Hammer
 - Pile type and location dictates method of placing piles.
 - Contractor has made efforts to use 'quieter' piles and placement method.

Tentative Construction Schedule

- Much of the work must be completed during nights and/or weekends due to normal weekday commuter train volume.
- See Table 1 that follows for details of schedule available at this time. Note: Schedule excludes holidays.
- All dates and times offered here are subject to change due to normal, unpredictable interruptions to construction activities such as weather.











TABLE 1: Tentative Construction Schedule

(Related to Pile Driving Activities)

Activity	Approx. Date	Approx. Duration	Time of Day	Day(s) of Week
Vibrate and Strike approx. 65 H-Piles S. Abutment (44) N. Abutment (21)	Nov. 18 Nov. 30	8 days 4 days	7 pm to 4 am	Monday - Saturday
Vibrate approximately 2,000-linear ft. of Sheet Pile	Nov. 16	5 days	7 am to 4:30pm	Weekdays (M-F)
Drive 23-Pipe Piles	Nov. 23	14 days	7 am to 4:30pm	Monday - Saturday











HOW: Overview of Construction Method



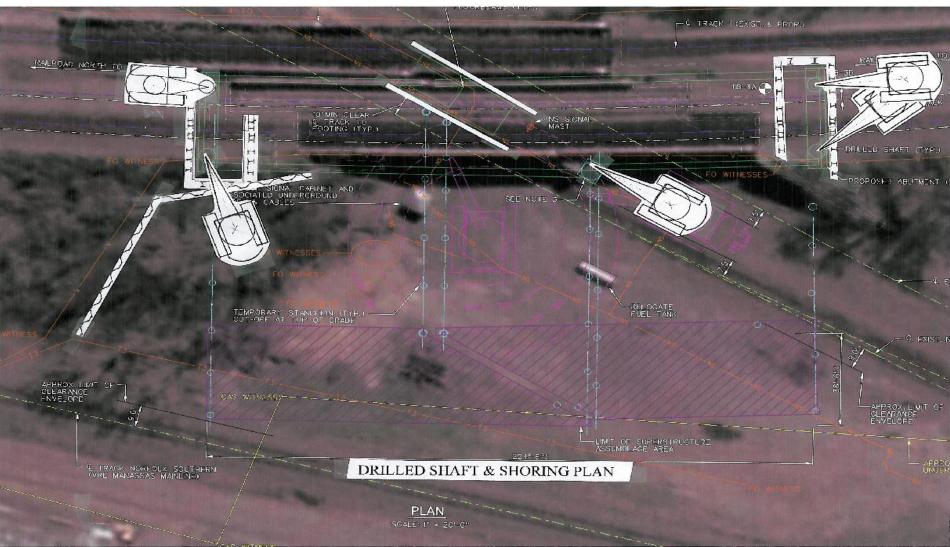








Drilled Shaft Equipment Lay Out





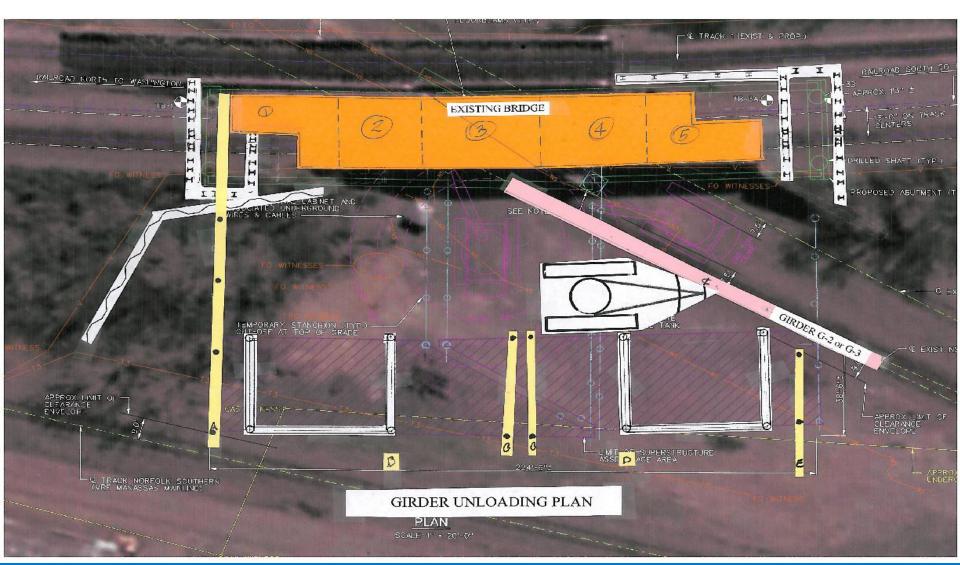








1st Girder Unloaded From NS Tracks





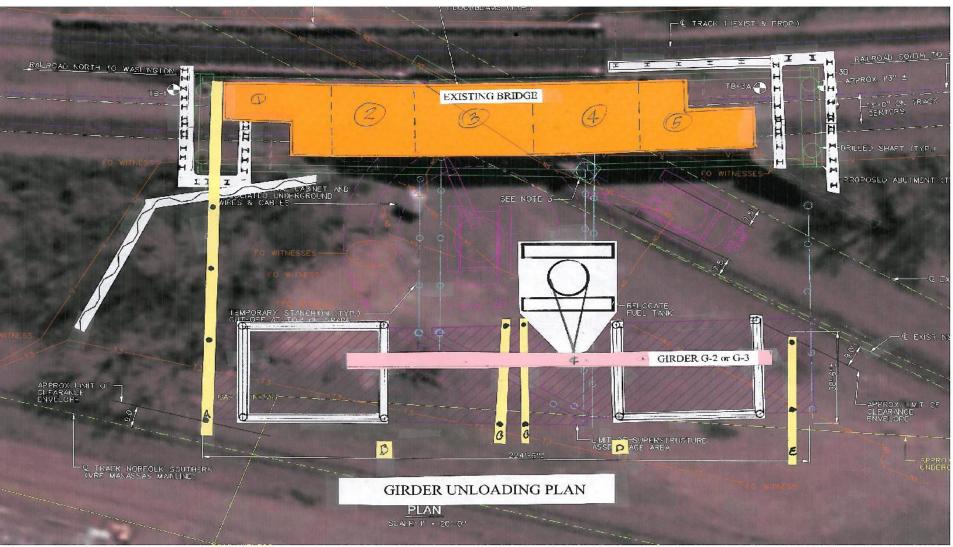








Unloading 1st Girder & Moving To Position





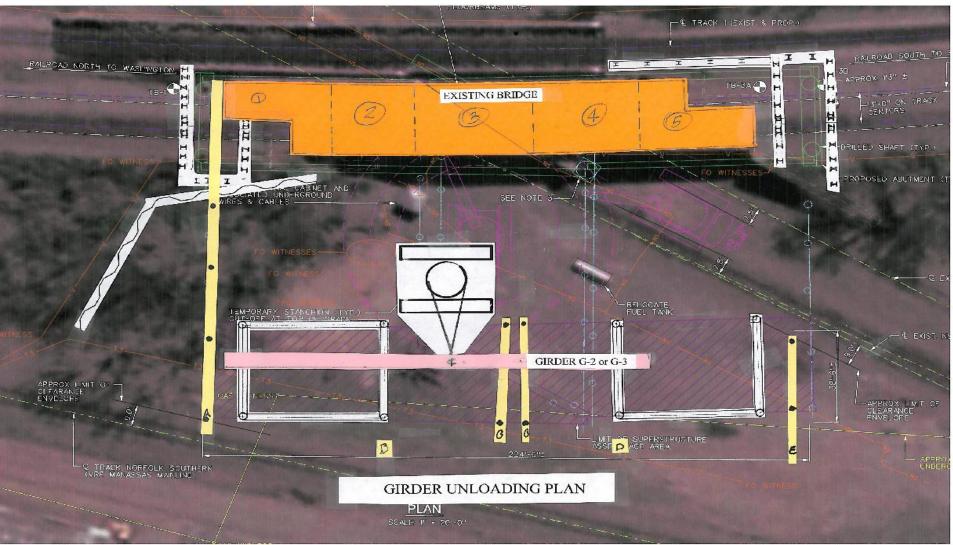








Moving 1st Girder Into Position





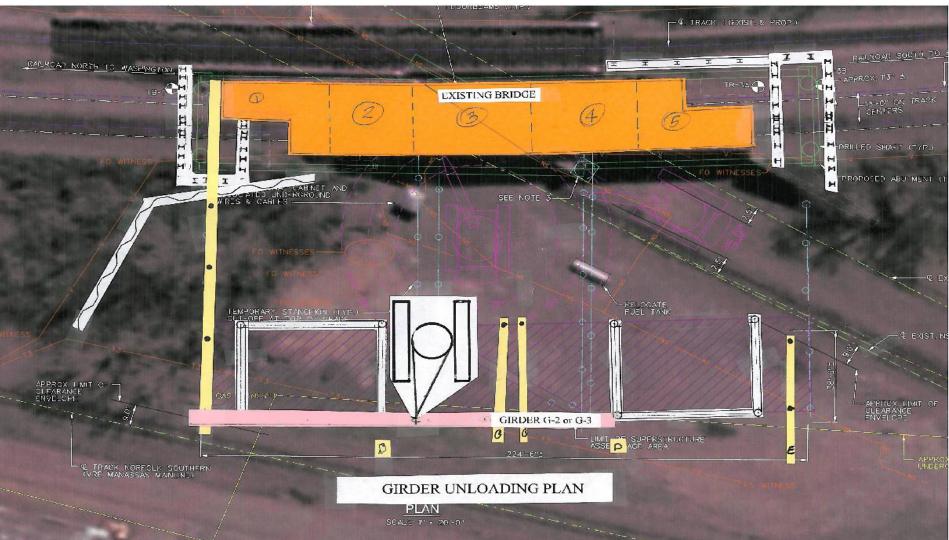








Moving 1st Girder Into Position





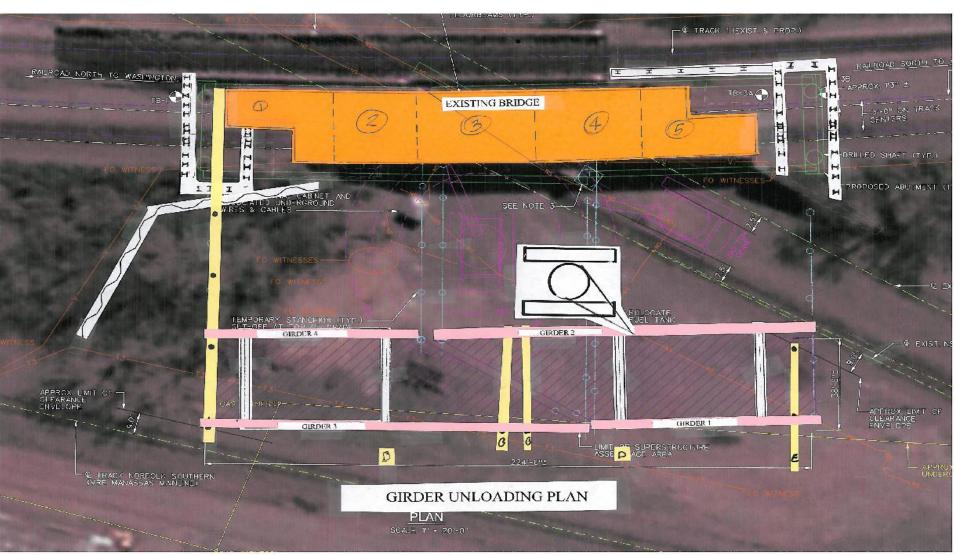








Set All 4 Girders





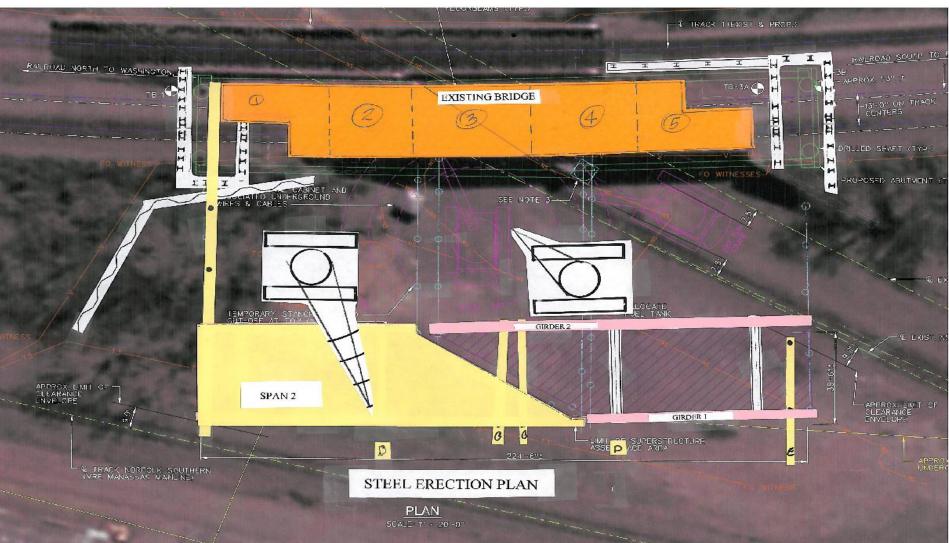








Erection: Floor Beams & Deck Plates Span 2





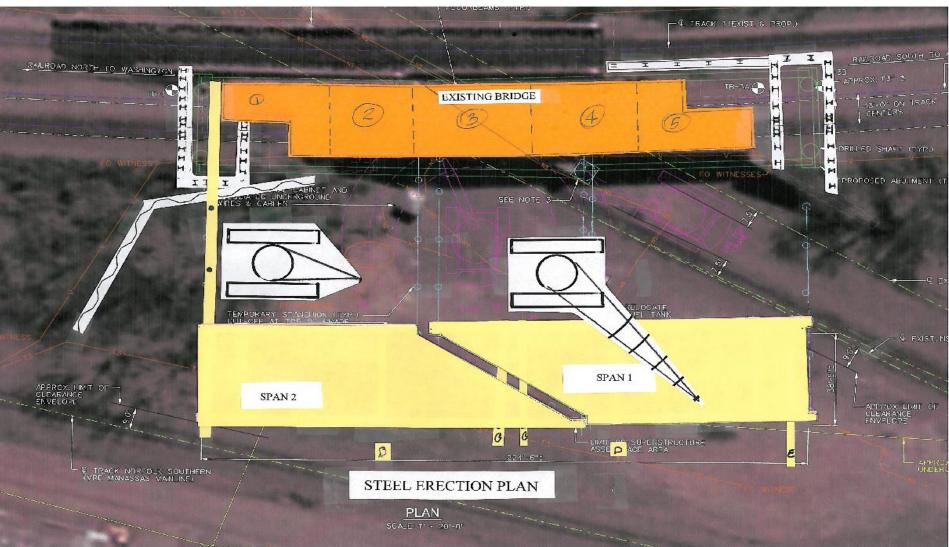








Erection: Floor Beams & Deck Plates Span 1





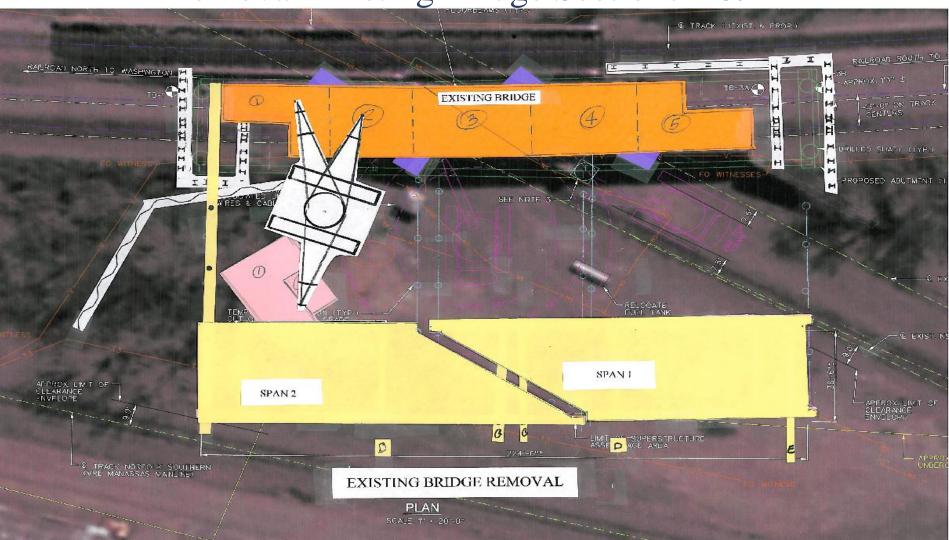








Removal Existing Bridge Sections 1 & 2





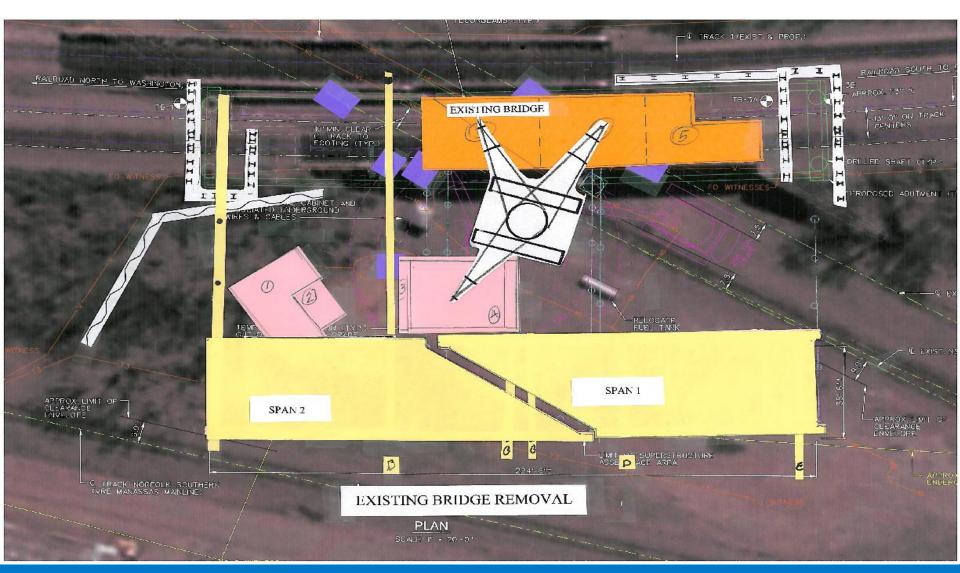








Removal Existing Bridge Sections 3 & 4 & Erect Roll In Beams





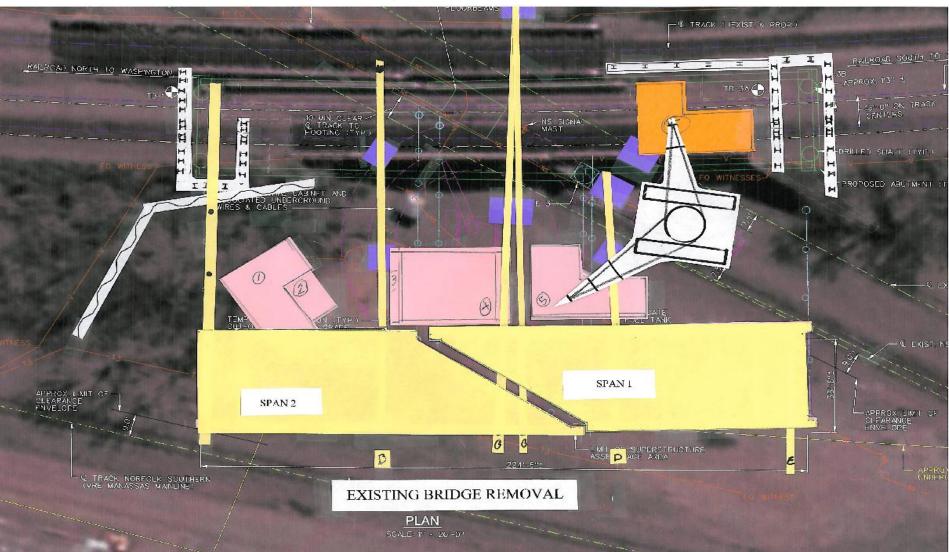








Removal Existing Bridge Section 5 & Erect Roll In Beams













Erect Final Row Roll In Beams













Roll In Span 1





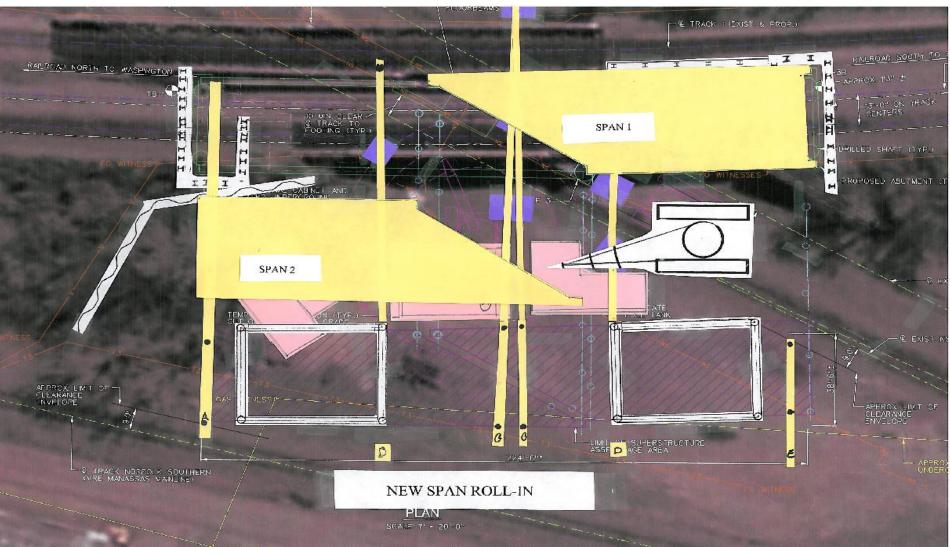








Roll In Span 2 & Remove Roll In Beams













Remove Rollers, Lower Spans On Bearings, Remove Roll In Beams, Set Pre-Assembled Track Sections













Remove Roll In Beams & Stow Crane













HOW: Overview of Construction Method ASSEMBLY ANIMATION



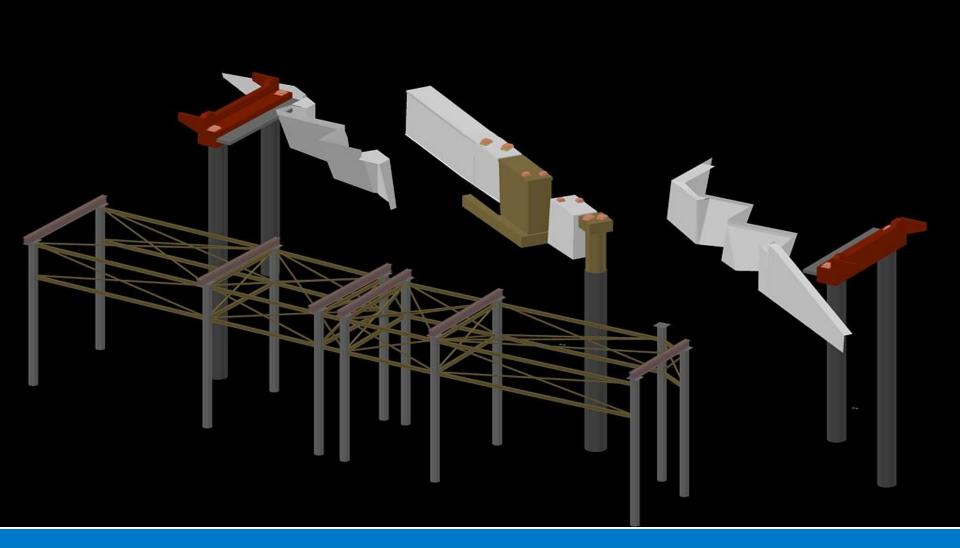








Temporary Support for Structural Steel Bridge













First Girder Set On Temporary Supports





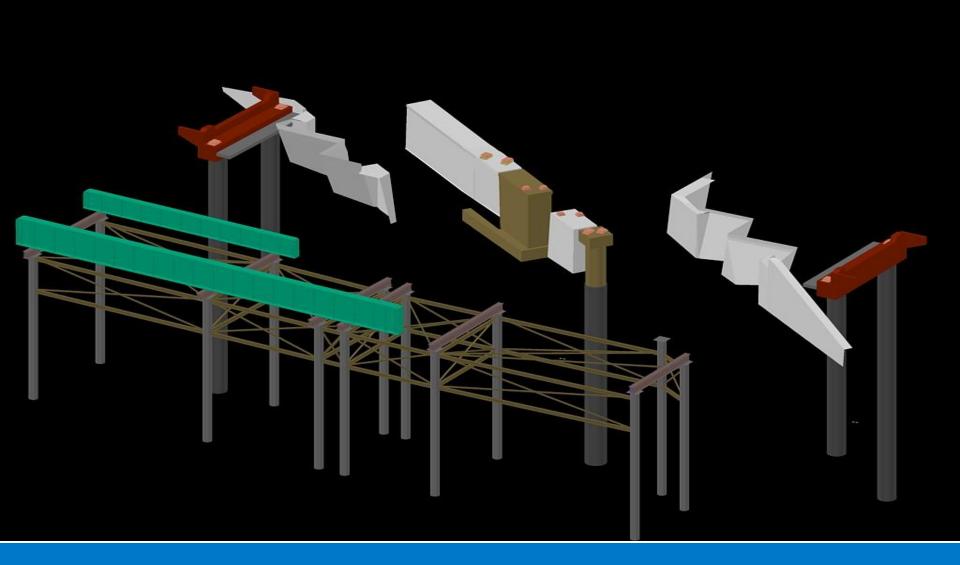








Second Girder Set On Temporary Supports





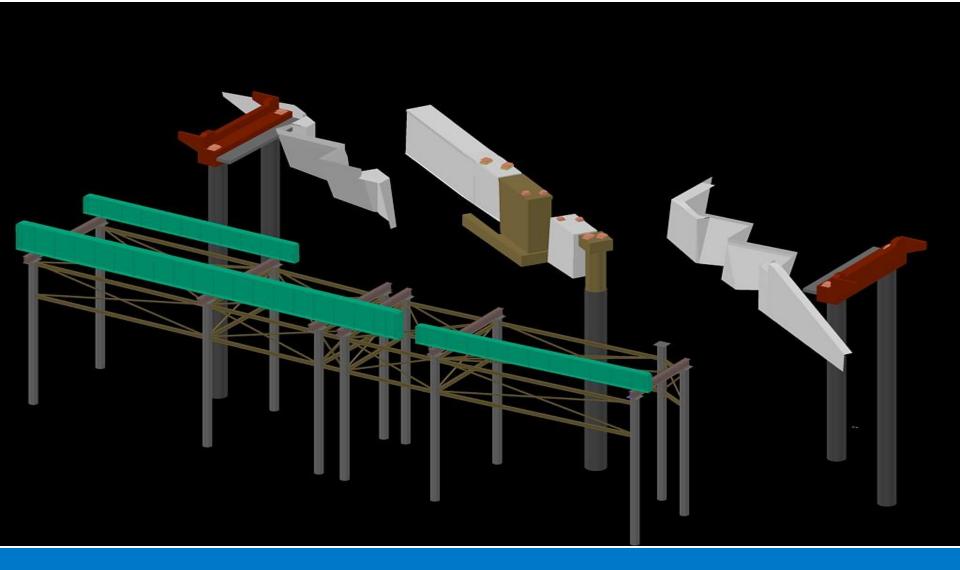








Third Girder Set On Temporary Supports





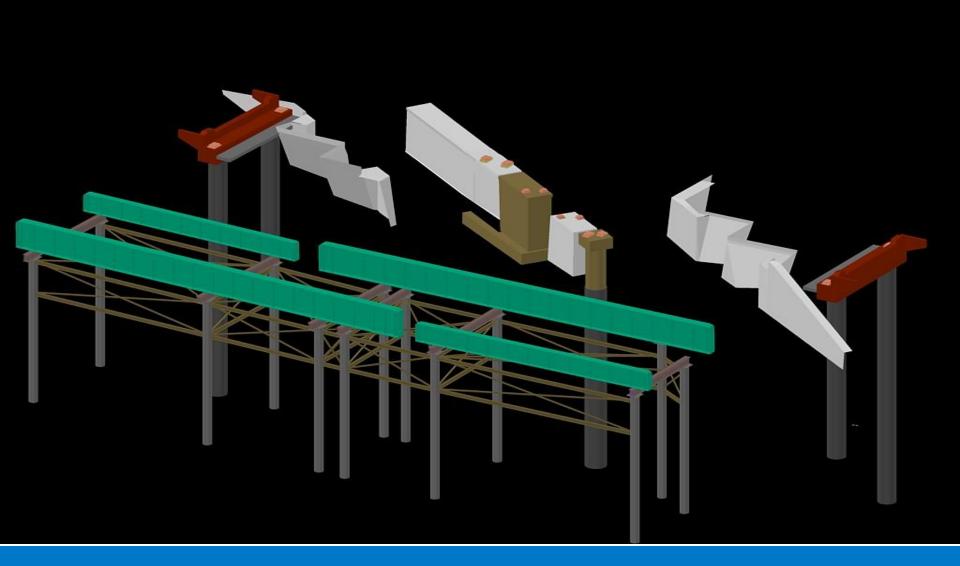








Fourth Girder Set On Temporary Supports





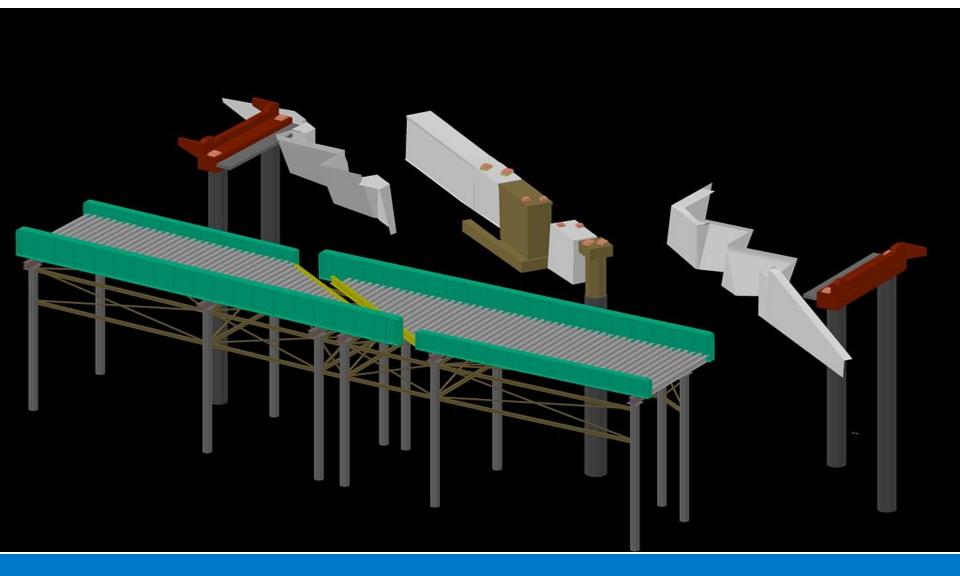








Floor Beams Framed Into Girders





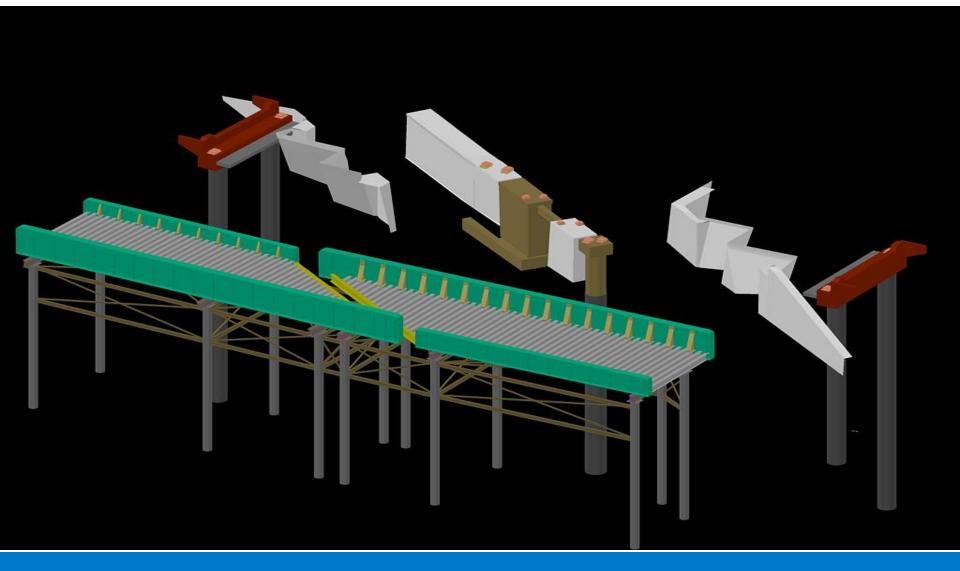








Knee Braces Installed On Floor Beams





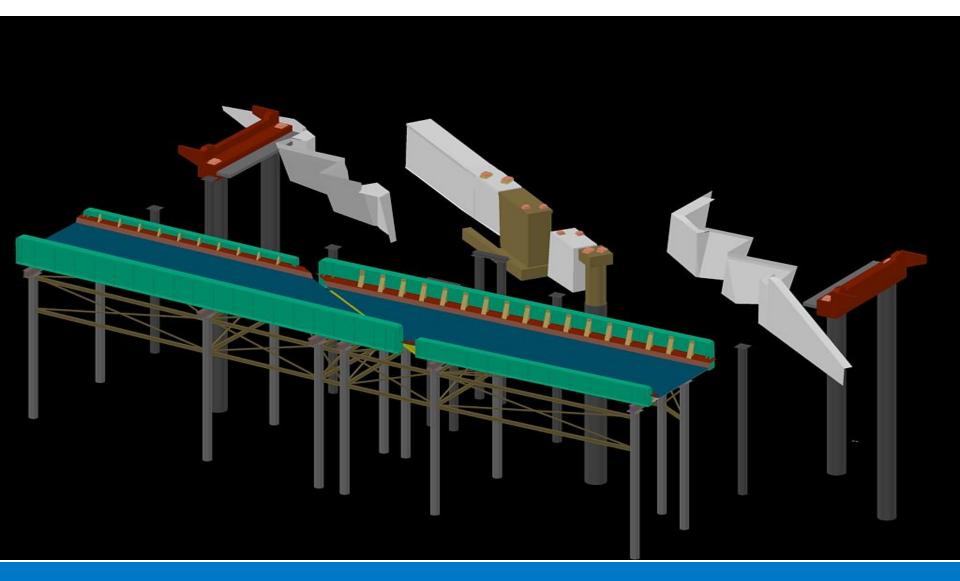








Deck Plates Installed On Floor Beams













Steel Roll In Beams Set In Place













Span 1 Rolled Into Place





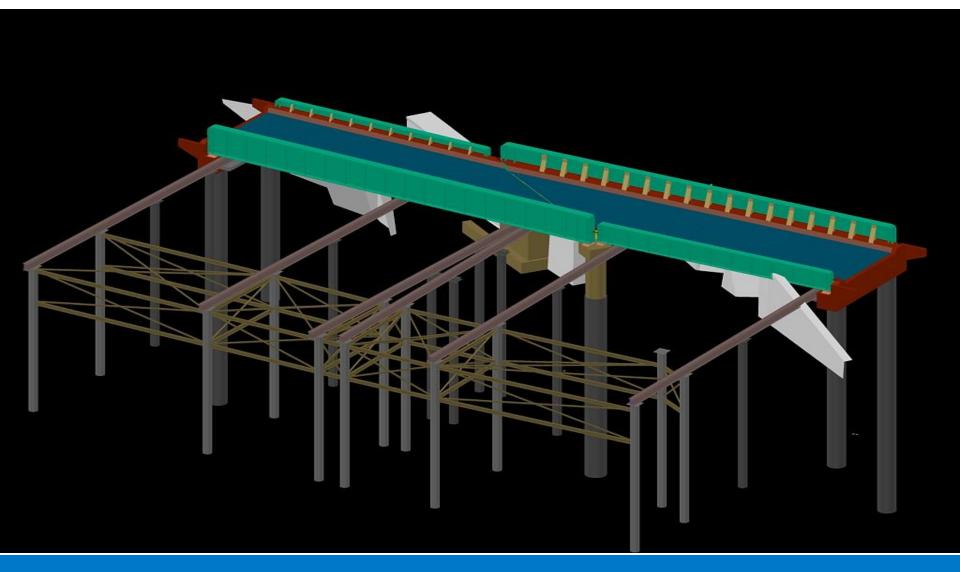








Span 2 Rolled Into Place





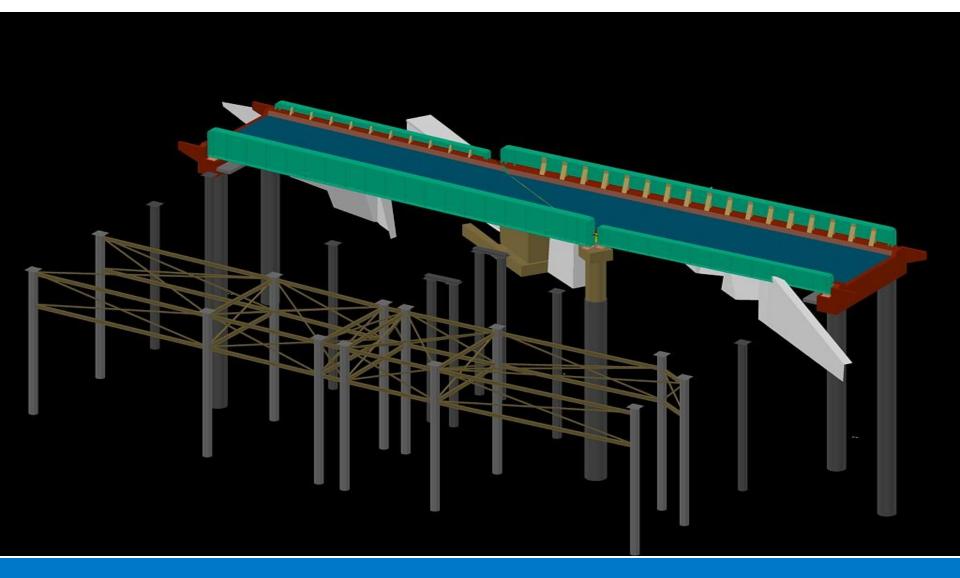








Roll In Beams Removed













Temporary Towers Removed





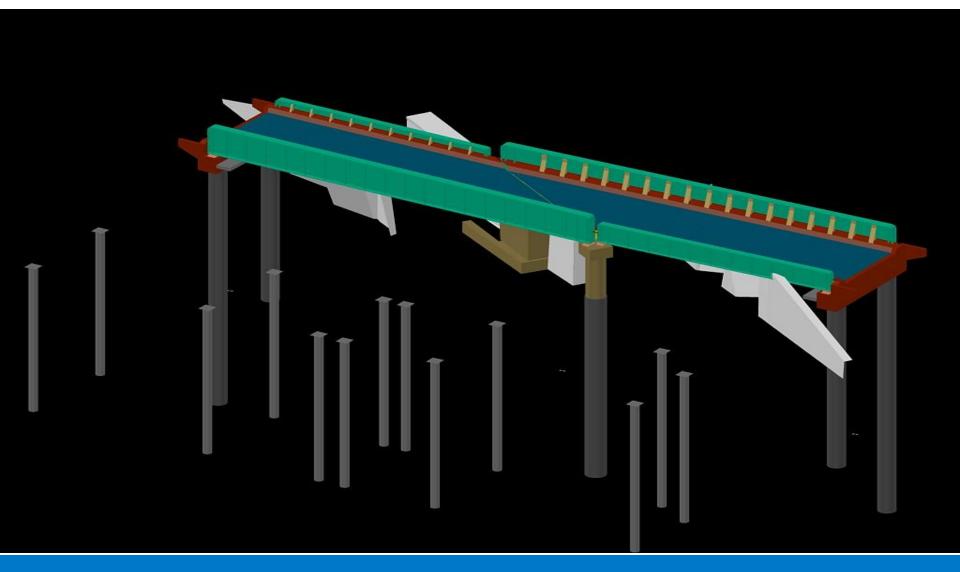








Temporary Framing Removed





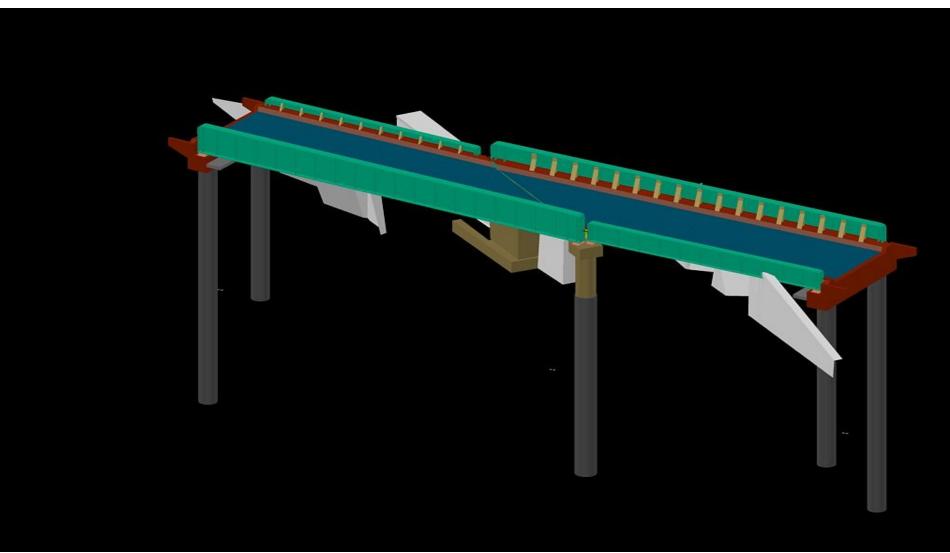








Temporary Piles Removed













THANK YOU

Questions?

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